

TENTATIVE CHARACTERISTICS AND RATINGS

|   |   |                |
|---|---|----------------|
| HEATER VOLTAGE (A.C. or D.C.)                 | 6.3   | Volts          |
| HEATER CURRENT                                | 0.6   | Ampere         |
| FOCUSING METHOD                               | Magnetic  |                |
| DEFLECTION METHOD                             | Magnetic  |                |
| MAXIMUM SOLID DEFLECTION ANGLE                | 55  | Degrees        |
| PHOSPHOR                                      | No. 7   |                |
| DIRECT INTERELECTRODE CAPACITANCES (Approx.): |   |                |
| Grid No. 1 to All Other Electrodes            | 10  | $\mu\text{mf}$ |
| Cathode to All Other Electrodes               | 8.5   | $\mu\text{mf}$ |
| OVERALL LENGTH                                | 20-3/4" +3/8" -1-5/8"   |                |
| GREATEST DIAMETER of BULB                     | 12 ±3/16"   |                |
| MINIMUM USEFUL SCREEN DIAMETER                | 10"   |                |
| BULB SIDE TERMINAL                            | Large Cap   |                |
| BASE  | Wafer Octal 8-Pin, Sleeve                                     |                |
| RMA BASING DESIGNATION                        | 5AN   |                |
| DEFLECTION YOKE:                              |   |                |
| Position                                      | End Flush with Bulb-Neck Reference Line (see OUTLINE DRAWING) |                |
| Length of Field                               | 2" max.   |                |

MAXIMUM RATINGS and TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS  
Maximum Ratings Are Absolute Values

|   |                |              |
|---|----------------|--------------|
| ANODE (High-Voltage Electrode) VOLTAGE      | 7700 max.      | Volts        |
| GRID No. 2 (Accelerating Electrode) VOLTAGE | 330 max.       | Volts        |
| GRID No. 1 (Control Electrode) VOLTAGE      | Never positive |              |
| D-C HEATER-CATHODE POTENTIAL*               | 125 max.       | Volts        |
| GRID No. 1-CIRCUIT RESISTANCE               | 1.5 max.       | Megohms      |
| TYPICAL OPERATION:                          |                |              |
| Anode Voltage**                             | 4000           | 7000 Volts   |
| Grid No. 2 Voltage                          | 250            | 250 Volts    |
| Grid No. 1 for Visual Cut-Off#              | -50            | -50 Volts    |
| Values subject to variation of              | ±50            | ±50 Per cent |

- \* With heater negative. Cathode should be returned to one side or to the mid-tap of the heater transformer winding.
- \*\* Brilliance and definition decrease with decreasing anode voltage. In general, anode voltage should not be less than 4000 volts.
- # For visual extinction of stationary focused spot.

BASING

The bulb side terminal for the anode is on the same side of the tube as base pin No. 5. Its center will not deviate more than 10° from the plane through the axis of the tube and pin No. 5.

SPOT POSITION

The center of the undeflected unfocused spot will fall within a circle of 25-mm radius concentric with the tube face.

Suitable test conditions are: anode voltage, 4000 volts; spot unfocused; the tube shielded from all extraneous fields. To avoid damage to the tube, make the test with grid No. 1 voltage near cut-off.

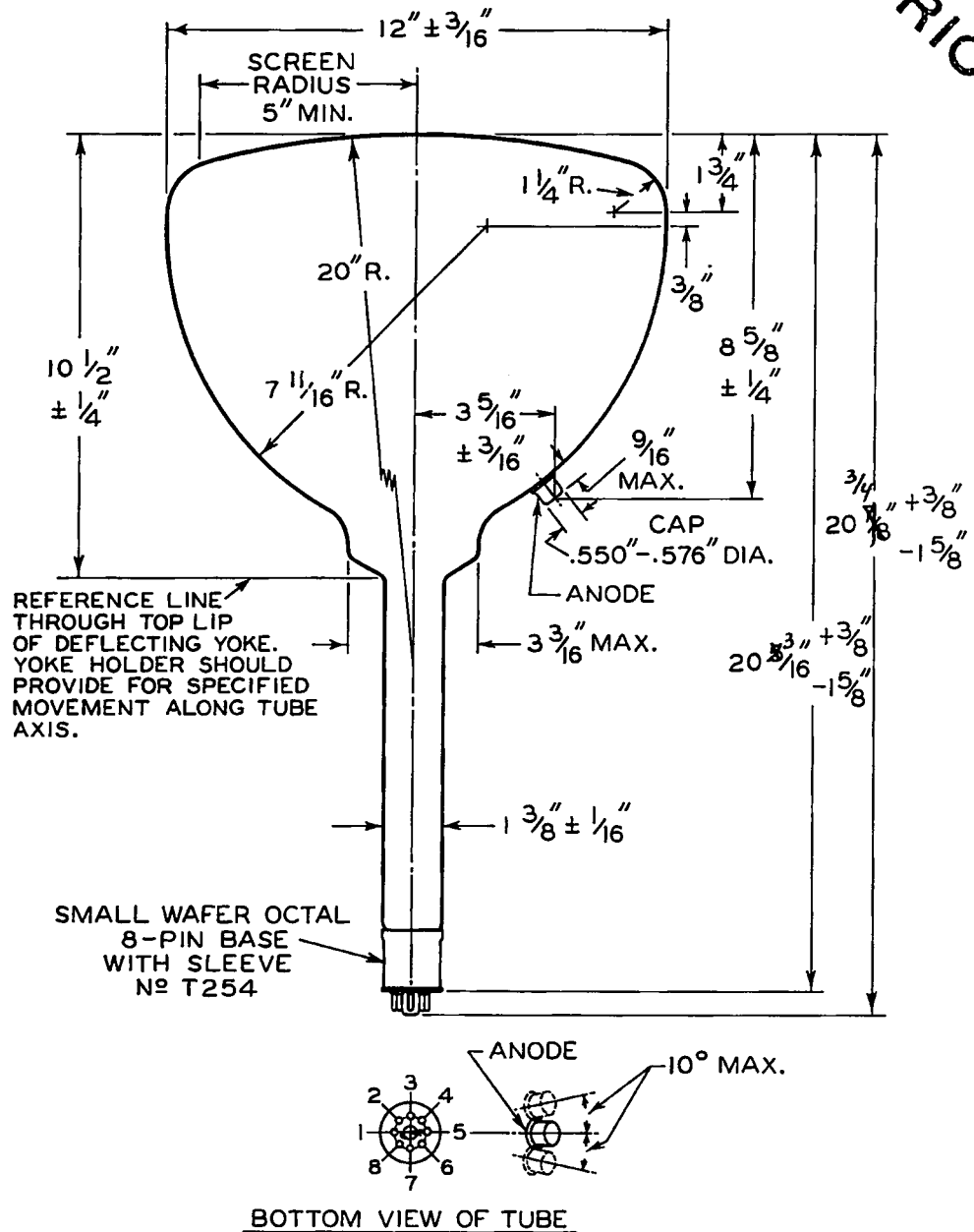
ANODE CURRENT vs GRID No. 1 VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTIC

Anode Voltage.....4000 to 7000 volts

Grid No. 2 Voltage.....250 volts

| <u>Anode Current, Microamperes</u> | <u>Grid No. 1 Voltage</u> |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0 .....                            | -50                       |
| 250 .....                          | -16                       |
| 500 .....                          | -8                        |
| 750 .....                          | -3.6                      |
| 1000 .....                         | 0                         |

RESTRICTED



MAR. 9, 1942

92C-6375

This document contains information affecting the national defense of the United States within the meaning of the Espionage Act, U.S.C. 50; 31 and 32. Its transmission or the revelation of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law.